投稿類別:物理類

篇名: How do swing paths influence horizontal displacement in hitting a baseball?

作者:

陳毅庭 康橋國際學校 二年級 11B班 普通科

指導老師:

王卉珊

I. Introduction

(I) Problem

Many kids in the world are actively engaged in team sports to build cognitive abilities, physical abilities, mental strength, cooperation skills, and, most importantly, having fun and building friendships. Baseball is a sport that is played around the world, but especially in the North America/Caribbean region and in East Asia. As these kids who start playing baseball at a young age gradually grow, their abilities would also need to grow and develop with them as the sport becomes more and more competitive.

Swinging is a key component in playing baseball as everyone hits at levels below highschool. In a competitive atmosphere, everyone pushes to be better, but one can be smarter about it. How a swing comes together can play a big role in a batter's production. A batter's production is connected to the horizontal displacement of the ball as the further the ball goes, the closer you are to advance a base. In baseball's highest stage, Major League Baseball, hitter's swing can generally be split into two categories. First, there is a swing where the tip of the bat goes below the end of the bat in the horizontal plane before reaching the area above home plate by tilting the body. I will call this an uppercut swing. Secondly, there is a swing where the tip of the bat only goes below the end of the bat in the horizontal plane at the area above home plate. I will call this a slap swing.

Accessing a swing has a number of points to consider. How does the initial velocity vary? How does the launch angle vary? How does the point of contact vary? How does the quality of contact vary? I will be looking at this problem from a result based point of view. Physical trainers can have various different opinions about this and how human autonomy works together to maximize productivity, but results are fixed and can be analyzed.

(II) Purpose

- A. To find out which swing is more efficient
- B. To explain why each swing will lead to a different outcome
- C. To explain how each swing can improve productivity

(III) Research Question

Which swing between the uppercut swing or slap swing results in a greater horizontal displacement?

II. Literature Review

In the Literature Review, all information relevant to the slap swing and the uppercut swing is going to be researched. This information will be connected to the Analysis and Results section for a complete overview of the topic.

(I) Key Components

A. Initial Velocity

(A) The initial velocity off the bat can correlate with the amount of power transferred from the bat to the ball as the kinetic energy is formulated through the force of the ball and the force of the bat. This is in relation to horizontal displacement as the time for the ball to drop from maximum vertical displacement is the same in all cases. Due to this, the faster the ball is, the greater horizontal displacement as the ball would be able to accumulate a greater displacement in the fixed period of time (Forces Between Bat and Ball).

B. Launch Angle

(A) Launch Angle is the angle the ball travels in relation to the horizontal plane at the point of contact, which is 0 degrees. Launch angle is related to horizontal displacement as it determines how efficient is the initial velocity used. The greater the launch angle, the more time will be available for the ball to travel horizontally. 28 degrees is widely accepted by baseball scholars as the perfect launch angle due to ability for the horizontal velocity of the ball to be at 88.29 kilometers per hour (kph) as it is adjacent to the hypotenuse, which has a velocity of 100 kph as a base (Stump et al., 2020). For the same initial velocity, the launch angle of 28 gives a vertical velocity of 46.95 kph as it is the opposite of the 28 degree angle (Sackman & Antonio, 2023). This makes time equal to 4.79 seconds to reach the maximum vertical displacement as known through $t = \frac{v-u}{a}$, where t is time, v is final velocity of 0, u is initial velocity of 46.95 and a is acceleration or gravitational pull, which is -9.81. Time will be the same both to the equilibrium and away from the equilibrium theoretically so the total time to travel will be 9.58 seconds. This is the best case scenario when considering both horizontal velocity and time (Sackman & Antonio, 2023) (Stump et al., 2020).

C. Position of contact of the center of the ball on the bat

(A) Position of contact is important for both launch angle and initial velocity. Point of contact for initial velocity decides the amount of force transferred to the ball. The round shape of the bat condenses energy at the center of the bat, relative to the swing path (*Forces Between Bat and Ball*, n.d.). Hitting the center of the ball with the center of the bat will theoretically give the ball greater initial velocity, allowing it to increase its horizontal displacement in a shorter period of time. The point of contact also places a significant role in launch angle as the angle the position the ball and bat impacts can affect the result of the contact. Hitting the bottom of the ball will theoretically result in a fly ball, while hitting the top of the ball will theoretically result in a ground ball (*Baseball Science 101: The Physics of Hitting a Home Run*, 2017) (Stump et al., 2020) (Cross & Lindsey, 2013). Fly balls have positive launch angles so fly balls will result in greater horizontal displacement than ground balls.

(II) Data Collected

Through pages providing baseball statistics, such as Fangraphs, Baseball Savant, and Baseball Reference, I was able to compare the outcome of players with uppercut swings and players with slap swings.

A. In Figure 1, comparisons of eight players, creating four different sets of players who are paired through similarities in oWAR, Offensive Wins Above Replacement, metric for interpretation of offensive production, 0 is replacement level, used in this data set to find similar contributors' factors that may impact horizontal displacement. Molded into a sample size of 500 opportunities. The players are each paired with another player of relative oWAR but with a different type of swing. The table includes average exit velocity, which is Average Exit Velocity after impact with the bat; the launch angle, which is the angle the ball goes after impact with bat; the sweet spot percentage, which is how often the ball comes in contact with the center of mass of the bat, measures the amount of control the play has with different swings; average home run displacement, which is an average displacement of the balls with greatest displacement; maximum distance, which is the greatest displacement; Topped% / Under%, which measures bat control, the point the center of the bat contacts with the ball; and Ground Ball% (Down), Fly Ball % (~45 degree angle), Line Drive % (Straight Forward), Pop Up % (Up), which explains how the path of the bat influences the result of the contact. Sorted each player's swing type through videos in MLB Film Room (Albert, 1994).

(A) Data Collected

	Uppercut Swing	Slap Swing	Optimal						
oWAR/500PA	5.240174672	5.008347245	3.776978417	3.808752026	3.388278388	3.617945007	2.098408104	2.351097179	
Player	Judge	Ohtani	Bellinger	Arraez	Harper	Ramirez	Нарр	Swanson	
avg Exit Velo	156.16	151.04	140.64	141.28	146.88	144	143.84	142.88	Higher the better
avg Launch Angl	20.4	13.2	17.2	11.5	9.1	18	13	13	15~20
Sweet Spot %	37.1	35.6	38	44.7	36.8	36.8	36.5	35.1	Higher the better
avg HR Distance	124.3584	128.6256	120.7008	115.5192	124.6632	122.5296	122.5296	119.7864	Further the bette
Max Distance	141.4272	150.2664	133.5024	124.968	137.4648	131.3688	130.7592	130.7592	Further the bette
Topped %	17.9	31.5	25.5	31.2	32.7	26.5	30	32.9	lower the better
Under %	20.8	19	34	26.2	17.8	31.3	23.7	22.8	lower the better
Ground Ball %	30.4	42.6	35.8	42.8	45.3	34.9	41.8	44.1	lower the better
Fly Ball %	40.8	30.3	29.2	24.1	22.8	28.5	25.6	25.2	higher the better
Line Drive %	22.5	22.7	26.4	30.7	27.2	26.3	25.6	24.2	higher the better
Pop Up %	6.3	4.5	8.5	2.4	4.7	10.3	6.9	6.5	lower the better

Figure 1 (Created by Researcher) The data collected from eight different players.

B. In Figure 2 and Figure 3, I have made a mass sample of players with slap swing and uppercut swings to find the average of the players with 400+ plate appearances' average exit velocity, average launch angle, sweet spot %, topped %, under %, ground ball %, fly ball %, line drive %, pop up %.

(A) Uppercut Swing

Uppercut	avg Exit Velo	avg Launch Angl	Sweet Spot %	Under %	Topped %	Ground Ball %	Fly Ball %	Line Drive %	Pop Up %
Adames, Willy	87.4	18.2	35	30.2	23.9	36.3	31.5	22.3	9.9
Alvarez, Yordan	93.3	17.1	35.7	27.3	23.3	36	35.7	22.4	5.9
Bell, Josh	90.1	9.3	31.3	22.6	36.3	48.8	26	21.4	3.8
Bellinger, Cody	87.9	17.2	38	34	25.5	35.8	29.2	26.4	8.5
Belt, Brandon	88.7	19.8	44.5	32.5	15.5	31	39	24	6
Benintendi, Andrew	86.6	14.5	40.9	30.2	28.7	39.6	26.6	28.5	5.2
Betts, Mookie	92.4	20.6	42.5	29.7	20.5	27.6	35.7	29.3	7.5
Blackmon, Charlie	86.4	18.1	39	31.8	28.2	36.4	25.6	27.9	10.1
Bohm, Alec	89.4	11.1	35.1	24.7	33.6	42.6	23.8	28.5	5.1
Báez, Javier	88	9.4	28.9	21.9	39.9	50.5	23.5	21.4	4.6
Call, Alex	86.8	17	30.5	34.8	27.5	39.4	28.8	20.2	11.6
Candelario, Jeimer	88.3	14.1	36.9	27.7	29.6	39.8	28	25.1	7.1
Canha, Mark	87.9	13.1	30.9	28.5	32.6	43.9	25.4	21.8	8.8
Castellanos, Nick	88.9	14.4	36.5	24.2	28.2	41.8	28.9	24.4	4.9
Chapman, Matt	93.4	18.5	32.4	29.2	27.2	35	30.6	23.1	11.3
Correa, Carlos	90.4	10.6	31.1	22.8	30.8	46.4	21.5	24.9	7.3
Crawford, J.P.	88.3	15.1	35.3	26.6	27.3	39.6	23.7	28	8.7
De La Cruz, Bryan	89.9	11.8	41	23.1	30.5	40.7	24.9	29.4	5
DeJong, Paul	85.5	16.8	34.8	29.6	24.1	39.9	28.1	21.7	10.3
Drury, Brandon	89.9	11.8	35	22.3	31.9	42.7	26.3	24.6	6.5
Duran, Ezequiel	90.1	14	36.3	25.3	29.1	39.8	23.2	29.4	7.6
Flores, Wilmer	86.4	22	36.2	34.8	21.4	31.9	29.9	23.5	14.8
France, Ty	87.5	13.7	36.9	25.3	29.3	41.8	23.1	26.5	8.5
Frazier, Adam	85.7	15.2	40.9	32.6	29.4	37.4	25.1	29.7	7.7
Friedl Jr., TJ	86.7	16.1	32	30.6	26.9	42.8	25.9	22	9.3
Gomes, Yan	87.4 91	15.1 22.2	37	30.2 29.6	26 19.6	37	28.9	25.6	9.2
Gorman, Nolan			38.8			28.5	38.5	23.8	
Grandal, Yasmani	87.9	10.8	32.3	28.3	33.3	45.2	25.4	24.7	4.7
Grossman, Robbie	88.2	20.2	32.3	36.5	23.2	32.3	35.4	24	8.4
Happ, lan	89.9	13	36.7	27.3	30	41.8	25.6	25.6	6.9
Harper, Bryce	91.8	9.1	36.8	17.8	32.7	45.3	22.8	27.2	4.7
Heim, Jonah	89.2	17.3	34.3	31.6	25.5	36.3	29.9	26.1	7.7
Joe, Connor	88.9	16.7	37.2	27	25.7	35.5	25.3	28	11.2
Judge, Aaron	97.6	20.4	37.1	20.8	17.9	30.4	40.8	22.5	6.3
Kelenic, Jarred	90.9	10.1	38.8	16.9	31	43.8	24.4	29.8	2.1
Kepler, Max	91.9	14.7	35.7	27.7	26.8	37.5	31	25.6	6
Lindor, Francisco	91.2	19.2	35.8	33.1	23.9	34.1	31.4	24.2	10.4
Lowe, Brandon	91.4	16 14.3	32.6 36.2	28.4	27.6 29.9	41.4 39.1	30.7	20.3 25.5	7.7
Lowe, Josh McKinstry Zach	89.1			25.2			29.3 34		6.1 4.2
McKinstry, Zach McLain, Matt	87.2 89.3	17.8 13.8	37.1 39.6	31.2 23.6	26.1 25.2	35.7 40	26.4	26.1 27.2	6.4
McLain, Matt McMahon, Ryan	90.8	9.7	39.6	20.3	28.3	44.2	28.1	26.1	1.7
Melendez Jr., MJ	93.2	16.9	34.6	29.4	28.3	35.4	34.6	25.3	4.6
Mullins II, Cedric	88.9	21.6	28.1	36.8	24.5	36.8	31.3	19	12.9
Muncy, Max	91.2	21.7	33.7	31.6	23.3	33.4	38.5	18.5	9.6
Murphy, Sean	91.5	13.1	38.1	23.8	30	41.4	27.8	26	4.8
Nimmo, Brandon	91.8	12.2	33.5	25.9	31.3	41.2	26.4	25.5	6.9
Noda, Ryan	91.2	16	38.2	25.2	25.6	39.1	30.3	26.1	4.6
Nootbaar, Lars	89.1	7.2	30.8	19.3	36.9	50.5	23	22.4	4.2
Outman, James	87.9	15.7	38.2	25.5	25.5	39.2	30.4	23.2	7.2
Perdomo, Geraldo	85.7	16.4	35.4	35.7	28.3	41.3	27.1	23.3	8.3
Perez, Salvador	90.1	15.6	38	28.2	23.8	36	30.2	26.3	7.5
Peterson, Jace	85.7	14.4	33.5	30.2	31.7	43.2	29.1	20.5	7.2
Raleigh, Cal	89.5	20.3	36.5	33.4	23	31.7	35.1	22.2	11
Rizzo, Anthony	90	17.8	41.2	30.7	25.6	33.9	30.7	28.5	6.9
Robert Jr., Luis	89.1	16.1	38	25.8	25.3	36.4	30.3	24.7	8.5
Rooker Jr., Brent	91.6	17.6	37.3	28.5	23.1	33.2	36.9	24.7	5.1
Santander, Anthony		20.2	33	34.1	21.9	35	32.5	19.6	12.9
Schwarber, Kyle	92.4	19	34.3	30.8	27.1	34.6	33.8	20.1	11.5
Seager, Corey	93.3	13	38	21.3	27.6	40.3	29.4	27.1	3.3
Semien, Marcus	88.4	19.1	37.5	36.1	24.1	34	35.4	23.5	7.1
Smith, Dominic	86.3	12.8	37	28.3	31.7	42.7	25.8	26.3	5.3
Soler, Jorge	91.3	17.8	36.5	27.2	26.7	36.2	31.6	24	8.2
Suwinski, Jack	90.5	22.4	34.2	34.2	20.6	28.1	36.3	23.1	12.5
Springer III, George		12	32.2	23.6	31.8	44.8	25.9	22.4	6.9
Torres, Gleyber	89.7	15.1	37.3	27.4	29	38.9	30.6	24.8	5.6
Tucker, Kyle	90.2	14.8	35.4	27	25.4	38.6	32.7	24.2	4.5
Varsho, Daulton	87.8	20.5	34.3	32.6	23.7	35.9	31.1	21.5	11.6
Vaughn, Andrew	90.6	11.2	30.3	23.9	33.7	44.4	23.7	24.4	7.5
Volpe, Anthony	88.7	14.2	35.5	23.9	31.3	41.1	27.6	24.9	6.4
Wade Jr., LaMonte	88.4	17.4	33.6	28.1	24.3	39.5	28.7	23.7	8.2
				29.2	28.9	38.7	32.6	19.4	9.3
Walker, Christian	88	15.8	32.6					00.1	
Walker, Christian Yelich, Christian	91.7	3.5	30.4	11.4	42.1	57.4	17.3	22.4	2.9
Walker, Christian	91.7 89	3.5 3.9	30.4 29.5	11.4 17.2	42.1 41.9	57.4 55	17.3 19.4	21.4	4.1
Walker, Christian Yelich, Christian	91.7	3.5	30.4 29.5	11.4	42.1	57.4	17.3		

Figure 2 (Created by Researcher) The data collected from Uppercut Swing Hitters.

(B) Slap Swing

$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{L}}$	ыар	SWII	18						
Slap	avg Exit Velo	avg Launch Angl	Sweet Spot %	Under %	Topped %	Ground Ball %	Fly Ball %	Line Drive %	Pop Up %
Abreu, José	87.4 89	13.5	32.6 32.5	26.2 24.8	35.3	44.8 45	25.1 21.9	20.6 26	9.5 7.2
icuña Jr., Rosald	94.7	7.4	33.6	14.9	34.3	48.8	22.4	26.2	2.7
Ooneo, Piete Obies, Ozzie	89.5 88.7	18.2 16.6	32.3 37.4	29.5 27.4	28.2	36.3	35.4 33.8	19 23.7	9.3 5.6
ituve, Jose	86	11.4	29.7	20.7	38.6	49.3	21.7	20.3	8.6
harez, Francisco	90.1	12.5	28.6	24.9	36.6	44	31.9	15.8	8.4
rderson, Tim	87.8 87.5	2	32.4 28.1	11.8	47.2 44.4	61.4 55.0	10.7	26.8	1.1
ndrus, Elvis cis, Orlando	87.5 88.2	5.5 5.4	30.6	19.8	41.6	53.5	20.8	19.5	6.2
unado, Nalan	88.8	16.9	33	29.8	28.9	38.8	25.7	24	11.6
rozarena, Randy	91.7	11.3	31.8	24.3	32.8	43.3	25.3	23.3	8.3
raez, Luis erti, Jon	88.3 85.4	11.5	29.7	24.8 15.8	30.7 41,1	42.8 54.1	24.1	31.3 21.8	1.8
ichette, Bo	91.2	6.2	38.3	14	32.6	46.4	18.8	30.9	3.9
opperts, Xander	87.6	7.9	28.3	23	38.4	49.8	22.6	21.1	6.5
regman, Alex	88.6 85.7	17.6	35.8 35.8	30.2 22.8	27:9 35.5	35.4 47.2	31.1 17.8	25 28.1	8.6 6.9
lurger, Jake	91.9	12.3	33.4	20.7	30.8	42.0	21.9	25.1	10.1
arpenter, Kerry	93.1	13.1	37.2	21.4	29.3	45.1	27.6	22.7	4.6
arroll, Corbin	90 91.1	11 15.7	32.7 36.1	22.7 28.5	34.2 27.2	45.3 36.4	24 31.5	29.3 25.6	7.3 6.6
astro, Willi	86.5	15.1	34.5	29.2	27.7	41.7	26.1	23.5	8.7
conforts, Michael	88.9	11.9	31.9	26	30.6	44.7	27.3	22.4	5.6
ontreras, William ontreras, Wilson	91.3 91.3	4.7 10.1	27.1 34.1	16.8	41.5 33.1	55.4 48.1	20.4	19.9 21.6	4.3 7.2
coper, Sarrett	89	13.3	40.4	21.6	29.1	42.8	25.3	28.1	3.8
Conementh, Joke	87.4	15.2	35.7	29.7	28.3	37.6	29.2	26.2	7.1
evers, Rafael	93.1	7.8	33.5	24.1 16.5	32.4	42.7 53.3	28.4	20.6	8.3
levis, J.D. loyle, Branton	88.3	11.7	29.9	22.8	34.6	49.6	25.6	20.5	4.3
Oubón, Mauricio	E7	9.5	37	24	37.3	45.5	22.5	27.8	4.3
Naz, Elias	88.1	12.7	31.2	24.7	31.2	46.5	19.9	25.3	8.3
Jisz, Yondy Idmas, Tommy	93.4	5.7 7.5	30.5 27.9	17.1	36.3	52.2 51.7	20.8	23.8	3.2 6.7
strada, Thairo	85.9	10.8	34.7	24.1	30.8	45.4	22.3	25.5	1
ranco, Wander	81.4	8.9	35	18.8	36.3	47.7	23.9	24.7	3.7
reeman, Freddie Jarcia, Maikel	91.8	15.2	46.6	21.7	25.7 35.3	35.9 48.3	29.6	20.9	3.6 4.2
arcia, Makel arcia, Adolis	92.1	15.7	36	25.4	28	37.8	36	20.5	5.7
larcía, Luis	88.3	4.6	31.9	18.2	42.8	53.4	18.2	25.1	3.3
iménez, Andrés laids chaidt. Paul	84.8 91.3	13.1	29.9 35.6	27.2	31.6 28.7	45.7	22.1 26.9	21.9	9.3
loids.chmidt, Paul luemero Jr., Vladir		12.8	35.6	22.1	33.6	45.3	26.9	26.7	6.9
Jurniel Jr., Lourde:	89.7	10.6	35.3	23.6	33.6	43.3	24.4	26.7	5.6
ienderson, Gunna	92 91.6	11.4	32.9 36.8	20.8	32.9 35.3	45.8 48.9	26.5	29.9	4.5 0.4
irsene, Rilay irichyk, Randal	91.6 89.6	14	36.8	12.4	35.3 29.7	48.9	21.8	28.9	7.9
irisham, Trent	90.3	18.3	32.8	26.9	24.1	38.1	28.1	23.8	10
taris II, Michael	92.9	7.6	34.6	18.1	35.5	48	17.4	28.2	6.4
ines, Kellman ines, Austin	92.2 89.4	13.2	34.1	24.7	29.5	42 44.8	26.2	24.9	6.9 5.2
inys, Austin Irmández, Enriqu		10.4	31	24.8	29.4	37.4	29.7	26.3	10.2
lemández, Teosci	91.3	12.3	35.2	22.8	29	42.8	26.8	24.9	5.5
ioemes Nico ndia, Jonathan	86.6	10.5	33.2 37.2	25.8 27.8	38.4	47.2 39.5	20.3	25.5	7
Iménez, Eky	92.9	5.7	26	19.7	41.4	53.2	19.7	20	7.1
lones, Nolan	90.1	9.8	34.7	21.5	29.3	43.8	29.3	23.1	3.7
lulien, Edouard	89.5	8	38.8	14	38.3	50	22.4	26.6	0.9
lung, Josh Jone, Treev	91.8 86.7	15	41.9 31.3	25.5	25.5 35.6	37.4 48.6	29.5 25.2	29.5	3.6 5.2
lemp, Tony Sempoles, Kevin	86.7	5.6	29.4	18.3	42.2	55.7	18.7	21.1	4.5
im, Ha-Seong	86.2	13.6	36.1	29.5	30.2	41.3	25.2	24.3	9.2
Ork, Alejandro	87.6 86	6.3 10.7	31.9 37.7	20.4	37.7 38.1	50.5 46.7	21.9	23.1	4.6 4.6
angeles, Steven	92.6	19.6	30.8	39.1	26.9	26.7	31.2	17.5	14.6
aureano, Ramón	88.2	12.9	34.7	24.6	31.9	46	25.4	21.8	6.9
eMahieu, BJ	89.6 89.8	3.8	31.6	15	42 35.8	55.6 48.2	17.4	22.5 26.7	4.5
owe, Nathaniel Vochodo, Manny	91.8	7.2 15	30.2	30	28.9	48.2	28.9	26.7	8.9
Valdonado, Martir		18.1	32.8	27.2	25.5	38.7	31.5	20.9	8.9
Varsh, Brandon	91.3	12.4	37.7	22.3	31.2	45.7	26.8	24.9	2.6
Warte, Ketel Vartines, J.D.	91.1	10.7	90.8 41.1	24.5	36.3 25	45.8 25.6	25.2 37	23 24.3	3.1
Vassey, Michael	88.6	19.7	38	32.9	21.6	31.4	30.5	28.1	9.9
WcCornick, Chas	88	14.6	38.4	23.5	26.6	42.2	31.1	22.5	4.2
VicCutchen, Andre	81.4 85	12.3 14.4	33.7 32.1	24.8	30.6 30.4	42.9 42.2	27.2 22.1	25.2 25.7	4.8 10.1
WcNell, Jeff Wineses, Joay	89.4	9.4	32.9	23.6	36.8	48.1	19.2	25.8	6.8
Verrifield, Whit	85.1	14.4	37.2	20.8	31.4	40.5	25.7	26.1	7.7
Aurel, Christopher Auurtoastle, Rusn	92.1	12.4	29.5	24 21.7	31.8	42.6	29.5 26.3	20.5 25.1	7.4
Naylor, Josh	89.1	12.3	35.5	25.1	29.7	43.2	25.6	23.8	7.4
Stani, Shohei	94.4	13.2	35.6	19.6	30.5	42.6	30.3	22.7	4.5
Naon, Matt	93.7	16.1	31	26.1	27.2	38.7	34.4	20.9	6.1
raredes, Isaac	91.8 86.9	15.6 22.2	34.9 32.4	22.6 35.5	28.1	39.9 31.6	32.4 28.5	21.9	5.8 14.9
referens, Jos	92.1	15.2	33.5	26.8	21.7	40.1	30.1	23.5	6.3
Peralto, David	89.3	8.2	31.1	20.1	36.6	49.1	21.6	25.3	4
teta, Jereny turn, Turnny	92.3	5.5	32.4	16.3	39.1	54.4 48.5	21.5	22.9 27.6	2.5
hofar, Jurickson	86.5	14.8	37.7	28.6	31.3	40.1	24.1	26.7	9.1
laky, Luke	91.1	17.3	29.3	26.7	30.6	43.5 55.4	27.6	17.2 20.8	11.6
lamirez, Harold lamirez, José	89.1 90	6.1	29.4	18.7 31.3	26.5	55.4 34.9	19.3 28.5	26.8	103
lealmoto, J.T.	89.8	16.7	36.2	27.5	27	37.6	28.9	24.2	9.3
Rentirpe, Hunter Renalfo, Luis	88.3 89.1	15	29.5 29.7	29.5 24.7	31.6 34.8	42.8 46.8	25.3 28.2	21.8	10.1
lengifo, Luis leynolds, Bryan	90.9	10.9	36.9	19.5	32.4	46.1	28.7	24	3.2
tley, Austin	92.3	13.5	35.2	24	28.6	41.1	28.6	23.8	6.5
lodríguez, Julio Ioias, Misuel	92.7 87.3	8.5	31.8	20 28.8	35.4 35.5	47.6 46.2	24.5 20.9	23.3 26.2	4.6 6.7
Isias, Miguel Issario, Arned	88.3	7.6	33.8	22	38.2	48.1	18.1	27.1	6.8
locario. Edde	81.4	14.5	35.9	26.2	29.2	29.8	28.4	25.6	6.1
luiz, Estaury luiz, Keibert	82.7 87.4	9.9	32.7	22.8	29.3	50.7 28.8	20.3	21.4	7.6 10.5
usz, keitert lutachman, Adlay	88.4	12.6	37	23.8	30.3	42.9	26	26.4	4.7
Santana, Carlos	88.8	12.8	31.3	28.2	34.7	43.3	24.2	22.2	10.2
inith, Will Johnn, Donness	89:3 90:2	15.6 13.1	37.5 43.1	29.5 22	27.1 30.2	\$7.7 41	32.3 23.1	24 31.9	5.9 4.1
olano, Donovan Santon, Giancario		13.1	27.4	25.6	30.2	42.7	26.2	22.2	8.9
ioto, Juan	93.2	6.7	28.5	17.1	35.5	51.9	25.2	18.9	4
heer, Spencer Senhencon, Tuler	88.7 89.4	15.3	35.3 33.5	29.5 17.2	28 34.4	38 48.9	27.5	24.6 24.5	9.8
hephenson, Tyler hutt, Bryson	89.4 88.1	8.9 10.1	33.5	17.2 25.1	35.6	48.9 47.4	23.3	24.5 25.3	3.3 4.3
	1								
tow. Males	86.3	9.4	94	28.4	35.3	48.5	20.7	25.5	5.9
	91.4	10.8	36.5	20.2	30.6	43.6	24	28.6	3.8
	90.3	18.9	37.7 35.1	31.6 22.8	22.3 32.9	34.2 44.1	34,4 25.2	25.1 24.2	6.3
árez, Eugenio	80.4		35.1	12.9	35.9	49.8	25.2 18	24.2	5.9
uárez, Eugenio Hanson, Dansby	89.3 90.4	5.6		20.8	32.4	47.7	25.1	21.2	5.9
uirez, Eugenio waroon, Daroby inchez, Jesús	90.4 91.9	11	31.5		35.7	47.1	19.6	29.8	3.5
oirez, Eugenio Hanson, Dansby Inchez, Jesús Ilis Jr., Famando Isochman, Mike	90.4 91.9 88.4	11 8.1	37.6	18.4					
oirez, Eugerio warson, Darolty inchez, Jesús atis Jr., Fornando auchman, Mike averas, Leody	90.4 91.9 88.4 90.1	11 8.1 10.2	37.6 35.2	21.4	34.4 43.7	45.9 56	22.7	26.4	5 4.1
uirez, Eugenio warson, Dansily inchez, Jesús atis Jr., Farnando auchman, Mike averas, Leody hornas, Alek	90.4 91.9 88.4	11 8.1	37.6		34.4 43.7 31.2	45.9 36 43.4	22.7 16.7 23.5	26.4 23.2 25.9	5 4.1 7.2
uirez, Eugenio warson, Danally inchez, Jesis atis Jr., Farmando auchman, Mike averas, Leody homas, Alek homas, Larso orkelnon, Spencer	90.4 91.9 88.4 90.1 88.9 88.5	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 17.1	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3	43.7 31.2 26.4	56 43.4 33.9	16.7 23.5 31.6	23.2 25.9 24.5	4.1 7.2 10
uirez, Eugenio wanson, Danoby inchez, Jesús utis Jr. Fornando suchmun, Mile averas, Leody hornas, Arek hornas, Lane orkelison, Spencer ovar, Ezaquiel	90.4 91.9 88.4 90.1 88.9 88.5 91.8 88	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 17.1 12.6	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2 36.4	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3 24.5	43.7 91.2 26.4 28.8	56 43.4 33.9 43.1	16.7 29.5 31.6 26.4	23.2 25.9 24.5 26.2	4.1 7.2 10 4.3
isirez, Eugenio isanson, Danaby rinchez, Jesús atis, A., Fornando aucheron, Mile horras, Alek horras, Alek horras, Alek horras, Lano orkelnon, Goesce lova, Ezaquiel usang, Brice	90.4 91.9 88.4 90.1 88.9 88.5	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 17.1	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3	43.7 31.2 26.4	56 43.4 33.9	16.7 23.5 31.6	23.2 25.9 24.5	4.1 7.2 10
ulirez, Eugenio warnon, Darioly inchez, Jesús sinchez, Jesús sinchez, Jesús sinchez, Mék hornos, Lann orkerion, Spencer oxierion, Spencer oxierio, Spencer oxie	90.4 91.9 88.4 90.1 88.9 88.5 91.8 88 85.5 89.5 89.9	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 17.1 12.6 12.6 16.5 13	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2 36.4 34.3 36.8 36.8	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3 24.5 28.9 20.7 26.7	43.7 31.2 26.4 28.8 31.4 27.3 30.4	\$6 43.4 33.9 43.1 42.5 35.7 40.2	16.7 23.5 31.6 26.4 25.1 33 30.6	23.2 25.9 24.5 26.2 24.1 25.1 23.7	4.1 7.2 10 4.3 8.3 6.2 5.5
isirez, Eugeno isaraon, Danaly isinchez, Jesús isis A., Formando aucheum, Mile aserao, Leody hornez, Mile hornez, Mile hornez, Mile hornez, Mile isinca, Eugenol isinca, Eugenol isinca, Eugenol isinca, Eugenol isinca, Eugenol isinca, Autón irres, Tina isinca, Alex i	90,4 91,9 88,4 90,1 88,9 88,5 91,8 88 85,5 89,5 89,5	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 17.1 12.6 12.6 16.5 13 8.8	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2 36.4 34.3 36.8 36.1 35.4	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3 24.5 28.9 29.7 26.7 23.6	42,7 31,2 26,4 28,8 31,4 27,3 32,4 33,6	36 43.4 33.9 43.1 42.5 35.7 40.2 44.8	16.7 23.5 31.6 26.4 25.1 33 30.6 23.1	23.2 25.9 24.5 26.2 24.1 25.1 23.7 27.1	4.1 7.2 10 4.3 8.3 6.2 5.5
udrez, Eugenio maracin, Danaby dischez, Jesús alis Jr., Formatido auchmin, Mile averac, Leody bornez, Alech bornes, Lano ordelism, Sontoei nour, Ezequiel using, Brice umez, Jantia umez, Jantia umez, Brice umez, Jantia umez, Maya inefung, Alax inefung, Alax inefung, Alax inefung, Alax	90.4 91.9 88.4 90.1 88.9 88.5 91.8 88 85.5 89.5 89.9	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 17.1 12.6 12.6 16.5 13	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2 36.4 34.3 36.8 36.8	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3 24.5 28.9 20.7 26.7	43.7 31.2 26.4 28.8 31.4 27.3 30.4	\$6 43.4 33.9 43.1 42.5 35.7 40.2	16.7 23.5 31.6 26.4 25.1 33 30.6	23.2 25.9 24.5 26.2 24.1 25.1 23.7	4.1 7.2 10 4.3 8.3 6.2 5.5
warson, Danaby warson, Danaby warson, Danaby winchez, Jesús Jatis Jr. Fernando auchman, Mile Javeran, Leody bornan, Alek hornan, Alek hornan, Land orkelison, Bonnoer Jones, Briste urman, Briste urman, Javatia urmer, Tiera serfunga, Akazi urmer, Tiera merkan, Akazi Walfent, Joneshya, Akazi Walfen	90,4 91,9 88,4 90,1 88,9 88,5 88,5 88,5 89,5 89,5 89,5 89,7	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 12.6 12.6 16.5 13 8.8 9.1 10.2 14.3	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2 36.4 34.3 36.8 36.1 35.4 32.2 33.6 34.3	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3 24.5 28.9 29.7 26.7 23.6 21.7 21.4 27.7	42.7 31.2 28.4 28.8 31.4 27.3 30.4 32.6 38.2 38.3 31.9	56 43.4 33.9 43.1 42.5 35.7 40.2 44.8 46.1 46.9 41.1	16.7 29.5 31.6 26.4 25.1 30.6 22.1 20.3 22.6 32.3	23.2 25.9 24.5 26.2 24.1 25.1 23.7 27.1 23.8 25.2 22	4.1 7.2 10 4.3 8.3 6.2 5.5 5 6.8 5.3 4.6
uidere, Eugenia junean, Danahy incher, Jesia junean, Danahy incher, Jesia julia J. Fernando auchrus, Mile junean, Leody bernes, Leody bernes, Leody bernes, Leody bernes, Leody bernes, Dence Josephian, Soence Josephian, Soence Josephian, Josephian, Josephian, John J. William, J. Harris, Tiesa Junea, Junea, Teodan West, Jesia Junea, Junea, Jesia Junea, Junea, Jesia Junea,	90.4 91.9 98.4 98.1 88.9 98.5 91.8 98.85.5 88.5 89.9 89.9 89.2 89.1 89.4 90.7	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 17.1 12.6 12.6 14.5 13 8.8 9.1 10.2 14.3 10.5	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2 36.4 34.3 36.3 36.1 35.4 32.2 33.6 34 28.9	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3 24.5 28.9 29.7 26.7 23.6 21.7 21.4 27.7 25.7	42.7 91.2 26.4 28.8 91.4 27.3 98.4 98.2 98.3 31.9 97.9	56 43.4 33.9 43.1 42.5 95.7 40.2 44.8 49.1 46.6	16.7 23.5 31.6 26.4 25.1 33 30.6 23.1 20.3 22.6 32.3 28.9	23.2 25.9 24.5 26.2 24.1 23.7 27.1 23.8 25.2 22 17.4	4.1 7.2 10 4.3 8.3 6.2 5.5 5 6.8 5.3 4.6 7.1
uzaki, Sarja siere, Esperio warasan, Danaby wincher, Jenis sincher, Jenis sincher, Jenis sincher, Jenis sorras, Lacoly horras, Geb horras, Geb horras, Lacoly urang, Ricca urang,	90,4 91,9 88,4 90,1 88,9 88,5 88,5 88,5 89,5 89,5 89,5 89,7	11 8.1 10.2 2.2 10.8 12.6 12.6 16.5 13 8.8 9.1 10.2 14.3	37.6 35.2 28.3 36.8 33.2 36.4 34.3 36.8 36.1 35.4 32.2 33.6 34.3	21.4 15.7 22.9 29.3 24.5 28.9 29.7 26.7 23.6 21.7 21.4 27.7	42.7 31.2 28.4 28.8 31.4 27.3 30.4 32.6 38.2 38.3 31.9	56 43.4 33.9 43.1 42.5 35.7 40.2 44.8 46.1 46.9 41.1	16.7 29.5 31.6 26.4 25.1 30.6 22.1 20.3 22.6 32.3	23.2 25.9 24.5 26.2 24.1 25.1 23.7 27.1 23.8 25.2 22	4.1 7.2 10 4.3 8.3 6.2 5.5 5 6.8 5.3 4.6

Figure 3 (Created by Researcher) The data collected from Slap Swing Hitters.

III. Research Methods

This research paper will use information found online, such as theories, ideas, information and statistics to formulate a clear response. The research method applied for this paper is very simple as this paper uses previously discovered theories and ideologies to implicate the topic. Data is then collected for further analysis to formulate a proper and information conclusion.

Aim: Research on key factors driving horizontal displacement Guide: What is influencing horizontal displacement? Method: Research through articles and blogs

Aim: Research on the optimum conditions Guide: What makes a perfectly batted ball? Method: Research through various trusted sources

Aim: Collect data on uppercut and slap swings Guide: What are the apparent differences? Method: Research through baseball oriented websites

Aim: Analyze data, sort data, process data Guide: What does the data tell us? Method: done through baseball oriented websites and self

Figure 4 (Created by Researcher) The research plan from stage to stage.

IV. Analysis and Results

The factors that are involved in hitting a baseball are vast, the different approach players can take in their swinging path may decide a lot about their end result. In the uppercut path swing, players lean downwards on the backside of their body to bring the bat down. In the slap-path swing, players bring their bat directly to the ball or dip their bat below the ball. Through data collected, four comparisons have been made between equally successful hitters. Of these comparisons, Immediate attention would be brought to the ground ball and fly ball percentage rates. Players using the uppercut swing path have a greater flyball rate in three out of the four pairs made (*Baseball Science 101: The Physics of Hitting a Home Run*, 2017). Players using the uppercut swing path also have a greater groundball rate in three out of the four samples. Ground balls tend to have a maximum horizontal displacement of 40 meters whilst fly balls have a maximum horizontal displacement of 155 meters. Results also show slap swing hitters are more likely to hit the top of the ball, uppercut

swing hitters are more likely to hit the bottom of the ball. These statistics incline to uppercut swing hitter having an advantage over slap wing hitter in terms of horizontal displacement of the ball after impact. In the data sets featuring players with 400+ plate appearances, exit velocity was not an apparent factor; however, the launch angle is shown to have a 4 degree difference between the uppercut swing and the slap swing, with the uppercut swing having the upside. This may be the deciding factor between the two different swings

V. Conclusion and Suggestions

(I) Conclusion

How do swing paths influence horizontal displacement in hitting a baseball?

The Uppercut swing would give the batter a greater advantage in creating greater horizontal displacement as placing the bat path near parallel to the 28 degree launch angle can provide a better plane of contact with the ball, giving the ball a better launch angle for the adequate time the ball needs to fly and have a great horizontal displacement. The exit velocities didn't vary much, with the uppercut swing having a slight advantage. The results have shown the uppercut swing being more friendly to batters chasing greater horizontal displacement.

From this study, it can be shown that the uppercut swing can bring more horizontal displacement to the ball through the difference in swing path causing a greater launch angle to occur. This may benefit a lot of youth baseball players, middle school baseball players, and highschool baseball players who want to add more power. This demonstrates how horizontal displacement can be increased and may be of much help to baseball players all over the world.

(II) Suggestions

Baseball players are trending to dependency on personal training staff and other supporting members to help with personal development. This may not be necessary as repetitions and correct ideologies are important, comfort is often the most important factor to a great hitter. Forcing a player and their unique anatomy to conform to the anatomy of another is inefficient and ineffective. If the uppercut swing doesn't bring greater horizontal displacement to the ball, don't force it.

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